

Curriculum Overview

HISTORY

KS3

	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9
Half term 1	<p>7.01 Empires East and West c.1000</p> <p>The World c.1000 Chinese Dynasties Islamic Empire Byzantine Empire Rome c.1000</p>	<p>8.01 The Tudors</p> <p>Henry VIII and the Reformation How did the Church change under Edward? How Catholic was the Church under Mary? How far did Elizabeth's religious settlement go? What challenges were there to the religious settlement? How much of a threat was Mary Queen of Scots? Why did England win the Spanish Armada?</p>	<p>9.01 World War One</p> <p>The Great Powers Long Term causes of WWI Short Term causes of WWI War on the Western Front Battle of the Somme End of stalemate How the war ended</p>
Half term 2	<p>7.02 The Norman Conquest</p> <p>Death of Edward the Confessor Norman Conquest: 1066 Norman Control: Castles and Norman Control: Peaceful Methods How far did England change after the Norman Conquest?</p>	<p>8.02 The Tudors</p> <p>Henry VIII and the Reformation How did the Church change under Edward? How Catholic was the Church under Mary? How far did Elizabeth's religious settlement go? What challenges were there to the religious settlement? How much of a threat was Mary Queen of Scots? Why did England win the Spanish Armada?</p>	<p>9.02 Suffrage</p> <p>Why was Suffrage desired? The Suffragists and Suffragettes How effective were the campaigns to get women the vote? How did World War One help women to get the vote? Local history: HM Gretna</p>

<p>Half term 3</p>	<p>7.03 Medieval Religion Power and Hierarchy of the Church Medieval Places of worship Life after Death Monasteries and Medicine Crusades Jews in Medieval England</p>	<p>8.03 Civil War Why did Catholics plot to kill the king? What were the long term causes of the English Civil War? What were the short term causes of the English Civil War? The English Civil War What happened to the monarch? Why was the monarchy restored?</p>	<p>9.03 Shifting World Orders Why did Russia become a Communist state? How did Hitler seize control of Germany? How did Europe fall under the control of dictators? How and why was Nazism defeated?</p>
<p>Half term 4</p>	<p>7.04 Challenges to Medieval Monarchs Stephen and Matilda Henry II and Thomas Becket Henry II and Eleanor of Aquitaine King John and the Church King John and Magna Carta Henry III and parliament The Black Death The Peasants Revolt The Wars of the Roses</p>	<p>8.04 Transatlantic Slave Trade African Kingdoms and the role of the British Empire in the Transatlantic Slave Trade How did the Transatlantic Slave Trade work? What was lifelike on plantations? Who campaigned for the abolition?</p>	<p>9.04 The Holocaust What was the experience of Jewish life in Europe like before the Holocaust? What was life like for Jews in Nazi Germany 1933-39? How did the outbreak of WWII effect the Jews in Europe? How did leading Nazi's influence the Final Solution? How far was Hitler to blame for the Final Solution?</p>
<p>Half term 5</p>	<p>7.05 England's relations with her neighbours England and Wales England and Scotland England and France England and Ireland</p>	<p>8.05 A Time of Revolutionary Change Industrial Revolution Agricultural Revolution Transport Mills, mines, and factories Living conditions Significant individuals</p>	<p>9.05 Civil Rights (UK and US) What should Doctor Harold Moody be remembered for? Post-war Black migrant experience How much progress did Black campaigns make in work and education? What was the role of women in the British Black Power movement? How successful were Black campaigns?</p>
<p>Half term 6</p>	<p>7.06 Mali Mansa Musa</p>	<p>8.06 The British Empire What was the British Empire?</p>	<p>9.06 Post-war Britain</p>

	<p>The Hajj to Makkah The Mali Empire 1325-1337 The Legacy of Mansa Musa</p>	<p>How did Canada become part of the British Empire? What was the TP of Britain's relationship with India? How did Aborigines experience the British Empire?</p>	<p>How was British society affected after WWII? Why was the creation of the NHS significant? Why did immigrants come to Britain after 1945? What experiences did immigrants have in Britain? How has immigration contributed to British society? What was life like for women in the 1940s and 1950s? How did life change for women?</p>
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Curriculum Overview

HISTORY

KS4

	Year 10	Year 11
Half term 1 and 2	<p>Health and the People in Britain c.1000 to present</p> <p>1. Middle Ages</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ideas on the cause of illness 	<p>Elizabeth I</p> <p>1. Queen Government and Religion</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Elizabeth's government

- Medieval treatments including surgery
- Who did people go to for medical help?
- The Black Death
- Public health

2. Renaissance

- How did individuals change medical understanding 1500-1700?
- How far did ideas about prevention and treatment change between 1500 and 1700?
- How was the Great Plague of 1665 dealt with compared to the Black Death?

3. 19th Century

- Did vaccination really make a difference to health in Britain?
- How did ideas about the cause of disease change 1700-1900?
- How significant were the changes in thinking about causes of disease 1700-1900?
- How did John Snow change ideas about the prevention of disease?
- How did ideas about responsibility for public health change?
- Why were there improvements in surgery?
- How did hospitals change and improve in prevention and treatment?

4. Modern medicine

- The impact of WWI and WWII
- How did ideas about the cause of disease change after 1900?

- What problems did Elizabeth I face?
- What were Elizabeth's religious problems and how did she solve them?
- Religious challenges
- Mary Queen of Scots

2. Challenges to Elizabeth

- Revolt of the Norther Earls
- Catholic plots against Elizabeth
- Execution of Mary Queen of Scots
- The defeat of the Spanish Armada

3. Society and exploration

- The Fourth Sort and poverty
- The Golden Age
- Why overseas exploration
- Exploration and voyages of discovery
- Raleigh and Virginia

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How have governments affected medicine and health since 1900? • Modern surgery • The NHS 	
Half term 3 and 4	<p>Democracy and Dictatorship in Germany 1890-1945</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Weimar Republic, 1919-29 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The origins of the Republic • The early challenges to the Weimar Republic • The recovery of the Weimar Republic • Changes in society 2. Hitler's rise to power, 1919-33 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The development of the Nazi Party • The growth in support of the Nazi Party 2. Nazi control and dictatorship, 1933-39 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The creation of a dictatorship • Controlling and influencing attitudes • Opposition, resistance and conformity in Nazi Germany 3. Life in Nazi Germany, 1933-39 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nazi policies towards women • Nazi policies towards the young • Employment and living standards • The persecution of minorities 	<p>Conflict and Tension: The Inter-War Years 1918-1939</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Treaty of Versailles and impact <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Big Three • Terms of the treaty • Reaction to the treaty • How were Germany's allies treated? 2. The League of Nations and international peace <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Structure of the league • Did the League of Nations help people? • How successful was the League in the 1920s? • How did international agreements help the League of Nations? • The Decline of international relations in the 1930s • The Manchurian Crisis • The Abyssinian Crisis 3. Origins and outbreak of the Second World War <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hitler's foreign policy aims • The steps to war • Why did World War Two start?
Half term 5	Finish Democracy and Dictatorship 1890-1945 unit	Revision
Half term 6	Start Elizabeth I Unit (See Year 11 Half Term 1 and 2)	

Curriculum Overview

HISTORY

KS5

	Year 12	Year 13
Half term 1 and 2	<p>The Early Stuarts and Origins of Civil War</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • James I and Parliament • James I and religion • Charles I 1625-1640 • Charles I and the victory of Parliament 1640-1646 • The failure to achieve a settlement 1646-1649 • Commonwealth and Protectorate • The restoration of Charles II <p>Democracy and Dictatorship in Germany 1919-1963</p> <p>The establishment and development of the Weimar Republic 1919- Jan 1933</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The establishment of the Nazi Dictatorship and its domestic policies Feb 1933 – 1939 • The impact of war and the defeat on Germany 1939-1949 • Divided Germany: the Federal Republic and the DDR 1949-1963 	<p>Rebellion and Disorder under the Tudors 1485-1603</p> <p>The main causes of rebellion and disorder</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The frequency and nature of disturbances • The impact of disturbances upon Tudor governments • The maintenance of political stability • Pilgrimage of Grace • The Western Rebellion • Tyrone’s Rebellion <p>Y100 Topic-based essay</p> <p>4000 word independent essay</p>
Half Term 3 and 4	<p>The Early Stuarts and Origins of Civil War</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • James I and Parliament • James I and religion 	<p>Rebellion and Disorder under the Tudors 1485-1603</p> <p>The main causes of rebellion and disorder</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The frequency and nature of disturbances

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Charles I 1625-1640 • Charles I and the victory of Parliament 1640-1646 • The failure to achieve a settlement 1646-1649 • Commonwealth and Protectorate • The restoration of Charles II <p style="text-align: center;">Democracy and Dictatorship in Germany 1919-1963</p> <p>The establishment and development of the Weimar Republic 1919- Jan 1933</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The establishment of the Nazi Dictatorship and its domestic policies Feb 1933 – 1939 • The impact of war and the defeat on Germany 1939-1949 • Divided Germany: the Federal Republic and the DDR 1949-1963 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The impact of disturbances upon Tudor governments • The maintenance of political stability • Pilgrimage of Grace • The Western Rebellion • Tyrone’s Rebellion <p style="text-align: center;">Y100 Topic-based essay</p> <p>4000 word independent essay</p>
<p>Half term 5 and 6</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Y100 Topic-based essay</p> <p>4000 word independent essay</p> <p>Start Tudor Rebellions topic (see Year 13 Half Term 1 and 2)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Revision</p>